

Safety Data Sheet

ADESILEX G19/ADESILEX G20/KERALASTIC comp. B

Safety Data Sheet dated: 14/05/2025 - version 5



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: ADESILEX G19/ADESILEX G20/KERALASTIC comp. B

Trade code: 90419999

UFI: 2SJ0-Q0DQ-2006-KRNL

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Hardener for epoxy-polyurethane based adhesives or sealants

Uses advised against: Data not available.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: MAPEI U.K. Ltd - Mapei House Steel Park Road
Halesowen - West Midlands B62 8HD

phone: +44(0)121 508 6970 - fax: +44(0)121 5086 960 - www.mapei.co.uk (office hour 8:30-17:30)

Responsible: sicurezza@mapei.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

call NHS 111 or a doctor/OHES Environmental Ltd +44(0)333 333 9962

SECTION 2: Hazards identification



2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Acute Tox. 4 Harmful if swallowed.
Skin Corr. 1B Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Eye Dam. 1 Causes serious eye damage.
Skin Sens. 1A May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Aquatic Chronic 3 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:
No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

Hazard pictograms and Signal Word



Danger

Hazard statements

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P261 Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
3
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
8

Contains

3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine

2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

Other Hazards: No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not Relevant

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: ADESILEX G19/ADESILEX G20/KERALASTIC comp. B

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥50 - <75 %	3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	CAS:2855-13-2 EC:220-666-8 Index:612-067-00-9	Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 0.001%: Skin Sens. 1A H317 Acute Toxicity Estimate: ATE - Oral: 1030mg/kg bw	01-2119514687-32-XXXX
≥25 - <50 %	2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	CAS:90-72-2 EC:202-013-9 Index:603-069-00-0	Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Acute Tox. 4, H302	01-2119560597-27-XXXX
≥5 - <10 %		CAS:100-51-6 EC:202-859-9 Index:603-057-00-5	Acute Tox. 4, H332; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Eye Irrit. 2, H319	01-2119492630-38-XXXX
≥5 - <10 %	Phenol, styrenated	CAS:61788-44-1 EC:262-975-0	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; Aquatic Acute 1, H400	01-2119979575-18-xxxx

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

- Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.
- OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.
- Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.
- After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

- After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.
- Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

- Give nothing to eat or drink.

In case of Inhalation:

- Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Eye irritation
- Eye damages
- Skin Irritation
- Erythema

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

(see paragraph 4.1)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non emergency personnel:

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

Wear personal protection equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Limit leakages with earth or sand.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Wash with plenty of water.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
CAS: 100-51-6	National	FINLAND	Long Term: 45 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm
	National	POLAND	Long Term: 240 mg/m ³
	DFG	GERMANY	Short Term: Ceiling - 44 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm
	National	GERMANY	Long Term: 22 mg/m ³ - 5 ppm
	NDS	POLAND	Long Term: 240 mg/m ³
	National	CZECH REPUBLIC	Long Term: 40 mg/m ³
	National	LATVIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³
	National	CZECH REPUBLIC	Short Term: Ceiling - 80 mg/m ³
	National	BULGARIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³
	National	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³
	National	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 22 mg/m ³ - 5 ppm; Short Term: 44 mg/m ³ - 10 ppm

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine CAS: 2855-13-2	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 0.06 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 0.006 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent release; PNEC Limit: 0.23 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 5.784 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 0.578 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 1.121 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 3.18 mg/l
CAS: 100-51-6	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 1 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 0.1 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 5.27 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 0.527 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 39 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 0.45 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Intermittent release; PNEC Limit: 2.3 mg/l
Phenol, styrenated CAS: 61788-44-1	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 0.001 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 65778 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 65778 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 0.17 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 31525 mg/kg

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine CAS: 2855-13-2	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation
	Worker Industry: 20.1 mg/m ³
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol CAS: 90-72-2	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
	Worker Industry: 0.31 mg/m ³
CAS: 100-51-6	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
	Consumer: 20 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Consumer: 4 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
Worker Industry: 110 mg/m³; Consumer: 27 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Industry: 22 mg/m³; Consumer: 5.4 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
Worker Industry: 40 mg/kg; Consumer: 20 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Industry: 8 mg/kg; Consumer: 4 mg/kg

Phenol, styrenated
CAS: 61788-44-1

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Industry: 11.02 mg/m³; Consumer: 2.717 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Industry: 6.25 mg/kg; Consumer: 3.125 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 1.562 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use contact lenses.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN ISO 374:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness $\geq 0,5$ mm; breakthrough time ≥ 480 min.

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness $\geq 0,35$ mm; breakthrough time ≥ 480 min.

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness $\geq 0,5$ mm; breakthrough time ≥ 480 min.

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness $\geq 0,4$ mm; breakthrough time ≥ 480 min.

Neoprene gloves are suggested (0,5 mm) not recommended gloves: not waterproof gloves

Respiratory protection:

Personal Protective Equipment should comply with relevant CE standards (as EN ISO 374 for gloves and EN ISO 166 for goggles), correctly maintained and stored. Consult the supplier to check the suitability of equipment against specific chemicals and for user information.

Respiratory protection must be used where exposure levels exceed workplace exposure limits. Refer to appropriate EN standards, like EN 136, 140, 143, 149, 14387 for information on selection and use of appropriate respiratory protection equipment.

In case of insufficient ventilation use mask with ABEKP filters (EN 14387).

Hygienic and Technical measures

Not available

Appropriate engineering controls:

Not available

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Appearance: liquid

Colour: transparent

Odour: ammonia

Odour threshold: Not available

Melting point/freezing point: Not available

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: 127 °C (261 °F)

Flammability: N.A.

Lower and upper explosion limit: Lower and upper explosion limit: Not available

Flash point: 100 °C (212 °F)

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available

Decomposition temperature: Not available

pH: 11.00

Viscosity: 30.00 cPs

Kinematic viscosity: Not available

Solubility in water: partly soluble

Solubility in oil: soluble

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): Not available

Vapour pressure: Not available
Density and/or relative density: 0.92 g/cm³
Relative vapour density: Not available

Particle characteristics:

Particle size: Not available

9.2. Other information

Miscibility: Not available
Conductivity: Not available
Explosive properties: ==
No other relevant information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None in particular.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity	The product is classified: Acute Tox. 4(H302) ATEmix - Oral : 866.693 mg/kg bw
b) skin corrosion/irritation	The product is classified: Skin Corr. 1B(H314)
c) serious eye damage/irritation	The product is classified: Eye Dam. 1(H318)
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	The product is classified: Skin Sens. 1A(H317)
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	a) acute toxicity	ATE - Oral : 1030 mg/kg bw LC50 Inhalation Dust Rat > 5.01 mg/l 4h LD50 Oral Rat = 1030 mg/kg LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 2169 mg/kg LD50 Skin Rat > 1 ml/kg

a) acute toxicity LD50 Oral Rat = 1620 mg/kg
 LC50 Inhalation Mist Rat = 4.178 mg/l 4h
 g) reproductive toxicity NOAEL Rat = 1072 mg/m3

Phenol, styrenated a) acute toxicity LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg
 LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

The product is classified: Aquatic Chronic 3(H412)

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	CAS: 2855-13-2 - EINECS: 220-666-8 - INDEX: 612-067-00-9	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 110 mg/L 96 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 23 mg/L 48 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 388 mg/L 48 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae > 50 mg/L 72 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia = 3 mg/L - 21 d a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna 14.6 mg/L 48h EPA a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Desmodesmus subspicatus = 37 mg/L 72h IUCLID
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	CAS: 90-72-2 - EINECS: 202-013-9 - INDEX: 603-069-00-0 CAS: 100-51-6 - EINECS: 202-859-9 - INDEX: 603-057-00-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 175 mg/L 96h a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae = 46.7 mg/L 72h a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Algae = 25.1 mg/L 72h a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 230 mg/L 48 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 770 mg/L 1 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae = 770 mg/L 72 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 460 mg/L 96 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas = 460 mg/L 96h EPA
Phenol, styrenated	CAS: 61788-44-1 - EINECS: 262-975-0	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 4.6 mg/L 48 ECHA a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 5.6 mg/L 96h ECHA

12.2. Persistence and degradability

N.A.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

12.7. Other adverse effects

Not available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Recover if possible.

A waste code (EWC) according to European List of Waste (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact and send to an authorized waste disposal service.

Methods of disposal:

Disposal of this product, solutions, packaging and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Do not dispose of waste into sewers.

Hazardous waste: Yes

Disposal considerations:

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of product according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Special precautions:

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling untreated empty containers.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

2735

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (isophoronediamine)

IATA-Shipping Name: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (isophoronediamine)

IMDG-Shipping Name: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (isophoronediamine)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: 8

IATA-Class: 8

IMDG-Class: 8

14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: III

IATA-Packing group: III

IMDG-Packing group: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: No

Environmental Pollutant: No

IMDG-EMS: F-A, S-B

14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: 8

ADR-Hazard identification number: 80

ADR-Special Provisions: 274

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): 3 (E)

ADR-Limited Quantity threshold: 5 L

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 852

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 856

IATA-Label: 8

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: -
IATA-Erg: 8L
IATA-Special Provisions: A3 A803

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage and handling: Category A
IMDG-Segregation: SG35 SGG18
IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: -
IMDG-Special Provisions: 223 274
IMDG-EMS: F-A, S-B

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not Applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)
Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)
Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878
Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)
Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013
Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

None

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: 3
Restrictions related to the substances contained: 75

SVHC Substances:

SVHC substances not present in a concentration $\geq 0.1\%$ (w/w)

National regulations

Produktregisteret Norge: 304049
MAL-kode: 00-5

German Water Hazard Class.

Class 2: hazardous for water.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
3.1/4/Inhal	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4
3.1/4/Oral	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
3.2/1B	Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, Category 1B
3.2/1C	Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion, Category 1C
3.3/1	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
3.3/2	Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, Category 2
3.4.2/1A	Skin Sens. 1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A
4.1/A1	Aquatic Acute 1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C2	Aquatic Chronic 2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2
4.1/C3	Aquatic Chronic 3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Acute Tox. 4, H302	Calculation method
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1A, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

If appropriate, specific provisions in relation to possible training for workers are mentioned in section 2. Any training related to safety in the workplace must in any case refer to a risk assessment that must be carried out by a company safety officer taking into account the specific operating and environmental conditions in which the products are used.

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration
ECHA: European Chemicals Agency
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
ES: Exposure Scenario
GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care
KAFH: KAFH
KSt: Explosion coefficient.
LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
LDLo: Leathal Dose Low
N.A.: Not Applicable
N/A: Not Applicable
N/D: Not defined/ Not available
NA: Not available
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PGK: Packaging Instruction
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
PSG: Passengers
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).
vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- SECTION 2: Hazards identification
- SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
- SECTION 5: Firefighting measures
- SECTION 6: Accidental release measures
- SECTION 7: Handling and storage
- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
- SECTION 11: Toxicological information
- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 14: Transport information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information
- SECTION 16: Other information